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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/707,283	12/03/2003	Steven H. Voldman	BUR920030119US1	1282
7590 05/10/2006			EXAMINER	
Andrew M. Calderon			VORTMAN, ANATOLY	
Greenblum and Bernstein P.L.C. 1950 Roland Clarke Place Reston, VA 20191			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2835	

DATE MAILED: 05/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/707,283	VOLDMAN, STEVEN H.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Anatoly Vortman	2835		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is is a soint of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	L. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 Fee</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters, pro			
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)	Claim(s) 1,3-17 and 26-30 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1,3-17 and 26-29 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) 30 is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers  The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oat	vn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Amendment

1. Submission of the amendment filed on February 24, 2006 is acknowledged. At this time claims 1, 3, and 26 are amended, claims 2 and 18-25 are cancelled, and new claims 27-30 are added. Thus, claims 1, 3-17, 26-30, are pending in the instant application. The Office action follows:

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- Claims 1, 3-13, and 26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Claim 1 recites: "an insulating film that is a resistor", claim 26 recites: "an insulating film being a polysilicon resistor", and claim 28 recites: "the insulating film is a polysilicon resistor". These features are not enabled by specification. The film can not be an insulator <u>and</u> a resistor at the same time. It can be either one. If said film is the insulating film, than it's not a resistor. On the other hand, if said film is the resistor film, than it's not an insulator. The terms are contradictory. The film

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may be <u>either</u> resistor, <u>or</u> insulator, but not both at the same time, when terms "resistor" and "insulator" are considered as having <u>customary meaning</u> in electrical arts. Examiner notes, however, that it is possible to create a film structure having insulative surfaces and containing resistors <u>within</u> said film structure, but specification does not disclose such approach. The specification merely repeats the language of the claims, without going into details. Therefore, the aforementioned claims are not supported by specification and not enabled. In view of the above, for the purposes of the art rejection (see MPEP 2163[R2]), the claims have been treated as reciting only the insulating film.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 1, 3-17, and 26, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US/6,710,699 to Kaltenborn et al., (Kaltenborn).

Regarding claims 1, 7, and 14, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4, 6) an electronic fuse, comprising: an insulating polysilicon (column 5, lines 48+) film (layer) (5); a conductive film

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(6) deposited on top surface of said insulating film (layer) (5) forming at least two (i.e. a plurality of) separate conductive regions (7) partially covering the insulating film (layer) (5); and, single-type non-conductive regions on the insulating film (layer) (5) separating and extending to inner edges of the at least two adjacent conductive regions (7).

Regarding claim 26, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4, 6) an electronic fuse, comprising: an insulating film (5); multiple conductive strips (7) covering the insulating film (5); multiple non-conductive regions on the insulating film (5) separating the multiple conductive strips (7), a first end of each conductive strip (7) is in electrical communication with a first fuse lead (8) and a second end of each electrical strip (7) is in electrical communication with a second fuse lead (8); and each conductive strip (7) of the multiple conductive strips (7) is in electrical communication with each other conductive strip (7) through at least the first fuse lead (8) or the second fuse lead (8).

Regarding claims 3-5, an electrical resistance of the fuse of Kaltenborn will <u>inherently</u> increase in substantially uniform prescribed amount in proportion to a number of blown conductive regions (since conductive regions are identical, the blowing of each of said regions will increase the resistance in substantially uniform amount).

Regarding claim 6, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4) that said conductive regions (7) are conductive strips which are substantially parallel to each other and to the non-conductive regions.

Regarding claim 8, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4, 6) that said non-conductive regions comprise gas (i.e. air, which will inherently fill, at least partially, the regions between said conductive strips (7)).

Regarding claim 9, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4) a first and a second fuse leads (8) disposed on insulating film (5) in electrical communication with the at least two conductive regions (7).

Regarding claim 10, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4, 6) two electrical contacts (2, 3) in electrical communication with fuse leads (8).

Regarding claims 11 and 12, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4, 6) that the at least two conductive regions (7) are multiple conductive regions (7) defined as conductive strips disposed on the insulating film (layer) (5) with the at least one non-conductive region being multiple non-conductive regions between each of the multiple conductive strips (7), wherein a first end of each conductive strip (7) is in electrical communication with a first fuse lead (8) and a second end of each electrical strip (7) is in electrical communication with a second fuse lead (8), wherein said conductive strips (7) are in electrical communication with each other through said fuse leads (8).

Regarding claims 13 and 15, Kaltenborn disclosed that said insulating film (layer) (5) comprises polysilicone (column 5, lines 48+) and said conductive regions (7) comprise metal (column 4, lines 40+).

Regarding claim 16, Kaltenborn disclosed (Fig. 4) that said conductive regions (7) alternate positions with said non-conductive regions.

Regarding claim 17, the non-conductive regions will inherently limit the current flow through the fuse of Kaltenborn.

6. Alternatively, claims 1, 3-12, and 26, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US/4,376,927 to McGalliard.

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Regarding claims 1 and 7, McGalliard disclosed (Fig. 4a) an electronic fuse, comprising: an insulating film (52); a conductive film (50) deposited on top surface of said insulating layer (52) forming at least two (i.e. a plurality of) separate conductive regions (50) partially covering the insulating film (52); and, single-type non-conductive regions on the insulating film (52) separating and extending to inner edges of the at least two adjacent conductive regions (50).

Regarding claim 26, McGalliard disclosed (Fig. 4a) an electronic fuse, comprising: an insulating film (52); multiple conductive strips (50) covering the insulating film (52); multiple non-conductive regions on the insulating film (52) separating the multiple conductive strips (50), a first end of each conductive strip (50) is in electrical communication with a first fuse lead (60) and a second end of each electrical strip (50) is in electrical communication with a second fuse lead (58); and each conductive strip (50) of the multiple conductive strips (50) is in electrical communication with each other conductive strip (50) through at least the first fuse lead (60).

Regarding claims 3-5, an electrical resistance of the fuse of McGalliard will <u>inherently</u> increase in substantially uniform prescribed amount in proportion to a number of blown conductive regions (since conductive regions are identical, the blowing of each of said regions will increase the resistance in substantially uniform amount).

Regarding claim 6, McGalliard disclosed (Fig. 4a) that said conductive regions (50) are conductive strips which are substantially parallel to each other and to the non-conductive regions.

Regarding claim 8, McGalliard disclosed (Fig. 4a) that said non-conductive regions comprise gas (i.e. air, which will inherently fill, at least partially, the regions between said conductive strips (50)).

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Regarding claim 9, McGalliard disclosed (Fig. 4a) a first and a second fuse leads (60, 58) disposed on insulating film (52) in electrical communication with the at least two conductive regions (50).

Regarding claim 10, two electrical contacts (which accept the fuse) will inherently electrically communicate with fuse leads (58, 60) upon insertion of the fuse of McGalliard in electrical circuit to be protected.

Regarding claims 11 and 12, McGalliard disclosed (Fig. 4a) the at least two conductive regions (50) are multiple conductive regions (50) defined as conductive strips disposed on the insulating film (52) with the at least one non-conductive region being multiple non-conductive regions between each of the multiple conductive strips (50), wherein a first end of each conductive strip (50) is in electrical communication with a first fuse lead (60) and a second end of each electrical strip (50) is in electrical communication with a second fuse lead (58), wherein said conductive strips (50) are in electrical communication with each other through at least said first fuse lead (60).

7. Yet, alternatively, claims 1, 3-12, and 26, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by US/5,479,147 to Montgomery.

Regarding claims 1, 3-12, and 26, Montgomery disclosed (Fig. 2A-2D) a fuse structure as recited in the claims, including a plurality of parallel conductive strips (52) deposited on an insulative film (layer) (40) and separated by a plurality of non-conductive regions, wherein said conductive strips (52) are in electrical communication with each other through the fuse leads (48, 50). The remaining claimed elements are also can be seen on the figures.

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## Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claim 30 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including <u>all</u> of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the claim recites: "salicide film strips". These limitations in combination with all remaining limitations of the claim are believed to render the claimed subject matter patentable over the art of record.

# Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments regarding claim 14 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant contends that "KALTENBORN merely discloses the layer 5 as "crosslinked silicone polymer or a mixture of crosslinked silicone polymers". There is clearly no disclosure or suggestion, however, with regard to layer 5 being a resistor and/or a polysilicon film, much less, a polysilicon resistor". Firstly, the examiner would like to direct the applicant's attention to the fact that claim 14 does not recite "a resistor" or "a polysilicon resistor". Claim is broader than argued. Further, layer 5 is a film. Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary (10-th edition) defines "film" as "a thin covering or coating". Said layer 5 of Kaltenborn is in line with aforementioned definition, since it is a thin covering (see Fig. 6), hence it may be called a film.

The remaining arguments are moot in view of the rejection of the claims under 35 USC 112, first paragraph.

#### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anatoly Vortman whose telephone number is 571-272-2047. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, between 10:00 am and 6:30 pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ms. Lynn Feild can be reached on 571-272-2092. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Anatoly Vortman Primary Examiner Art Unit 2835

A. War